## <u>World War I</u>

## 1. What are the MAIN causes of WWI?

	What does it mean?	Draw a picture or symbol to represent it
M	Militarism - building up your arms and military	
A	Alliances - forming teams to protect yourself	
I	Imperialism - building your colonial empire around the globe	
N	Nationalism - having national pride	

2. What were imperialist empires looking for before WWI? Natural resources

3. What were the two WWI alliances? Triple alliance, Triple entente

4. What countries were in each alliance?

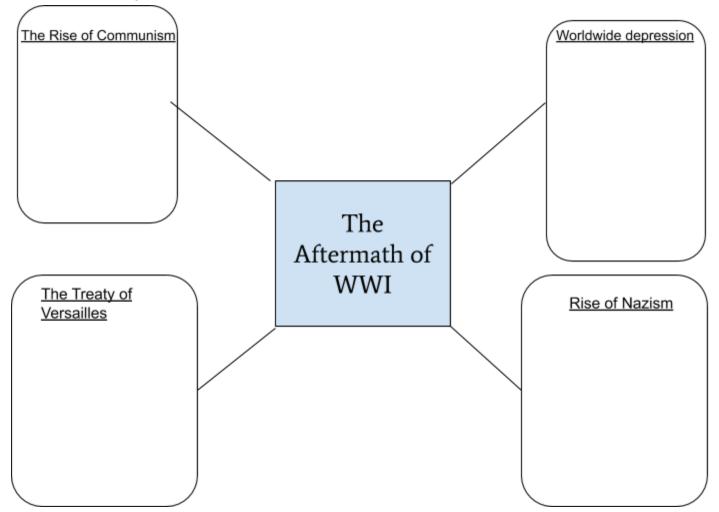
## Aftermath of WWI

5. What does the Holocaust refer to? What is Hitler's final solution? Triple alliance - Austria Hungary, Germany Triple Entente - Britain, France, Russia, US

6. Explain the term antisemitism and give one example?

Prejudice or hatred towards Jewish people. Examples will vary.

7. Provide a thorough description of each event



Rise of communism - The Russia Revolution brought on the rise of communism in Europe. Vladamir Lenin led the communist (or Bolshevik) revolution. In doing so, they changed their name to the USSR.

The Treaty of Versailles - ended WWI and unfairly punished Germany in four ways - military restrictions, territory loss, they were forced to pay reparations, and Germany had to sign the War Guilt clause which forced them to take responsibility for the entire war.

Rise of Nazism - was brought about by the depression Germany was facing. The rise of Nazism was lead by Hitler. Hitler used preexisting prejudice against Jews to fuel the Holocaust. Additionally, Hitler used sophisticated propaganda strategies to influence the German people about the Jews.

Worldwide Depression - After the stock market crash in 1929, the entire world entered a depression. This depression hit Germany especially hard due to the number of international loans they had, as well as their investment in US banks. Hitler used the depression as a launching ground for his Nazi party.